



CT428

XtremeSense® TMR Ultra-Low Noise, <1% Total Error Current Sensor

Features

- Integrated Contact Current Sensing for Low to Medium Current Ranges:
 - 0 A to +20 A
 - -20 A to +20 A
 - 0 A to +30 A
 - -30 A to +30 A
 - 0 A to +65 A
 - -65 A to +65 A
- Integrated Current Carrying Conductor (CCC)
- Linear Analog Output Voltage
- Total Error Output $\leq \pm 1.0\%$ FS
- 1 MHz Bandwidth
- Response Time: ~ 300 ns
- UL/IEC 62387 Certification
 - Rated Isolation Voltage > 4 kV_{RMS}
 - Working Voltage for Basic Isolation > 701 V_{RMS}
 - Working Voltage for Reinforced Isolation > 344 V_{RMS}
- IEC 61000-4-5 Certification
- Low Noise: 9.0 mA_{RMS} to 13.5 mA_{RMS} @ $f_{BW} = 100$ kHz
- Supply Voltage: 4.75 V to 5.50 V
- Filter Function to Reduce Noise on Output Pin
- Immunity to Common Mode Fields: -54 dB
- Supply Voltage: 4.75 V to 5.50 V
- Over-Current Detection (OCD™)
 - Out of Range Currents
- 8-Lead SOIC Package

Applications

- Solar/Power Inverters
- UPS, SMPS and Telecom Power Supplies
- Battery Management Systems
- Motor Control
- White Goods
- Consumer and Enterprise Electronics
- Over-Current Fault Protection

Product Description

The CT428 is a high bandwidth and ultra-low noise integrated contact current sensor that uses Crocus Technology's patented XtremeSense® TMR technology to enable high accuracy current measurements for many consumer, enterprise, and industrial applications. It supports six (6) current ranges where the integrated current carrying conductor (CCC) will handle up to 65 A of current and generates a current measurement as a linear analog output voltage. It achieves a total output error of less than $\pm 1.0\%$ full-scale (FS).

It has about a 300 ns output response time while the current consumption is about 6.0 mA and is immune to common mode fields. The CT428 has an integrated over-current detection (OCD) circuitry to identify out of range currents (OCD) with the result outputted to the fault-bar (\overline{FLT}) pin. The \overline{FLT} is an open drain, active LOW digital signal that is activated by the CT428 to alert the microcontroller that a fault condition has occurred.

The CT428 is offered in an industry standard 8-lead SOIC package that is "green" and RoHS compliant.

Part Ordering Information

Part Number	Operating Temperature Range	Current Range	Package	Packing Method
CT428-ESN820DR	-40°C to +85°C	0 A to +20 A	8-lead SOIC 4.89 x 6.00 x 1.47 mm	Tape & Reel
CT428-HSN820DR	-40°C to +125°C			
CT428-ESN820MR	-40°C to +85°C	-20 A to +20 A		
CT428-HSN820MR	-40°C to +125°C			
CT428-ESN830DR	-40°C to +85°C	0 A to +30 A		
CT428-HSN830DR	-40°C to +125°C			
CT428-ESN830MR	-40°C to +85°C	-30 A to +30 A		
CT428-HSN830MR	-40°C to +125°C			
CT428-ESN865DR	-40°C to +85°C	0 A to +65 A		
CT428-HSN865MR	-40°C to +125°C			
CT428-ESN865MR	-40°C to +85°C	-65 A to +65 A		
CT428-HSN865DR	-40°C to +125°C			

Evaluation Board Ordering Information

Part Number	Current Range	Operating Temperature Range
CTD428-20DC	0 A to +20 A	-40°C to +125°C
CTD428-20AC	-20 A to +20 A	
CTD428-30DC	0 A to +30 A	
CTD428-30AC	-30 A to +30 A	
CTD428-65DC	0 A to +65 A	
CTD428-65AC	-65 A to +65 A	

Block Diagram

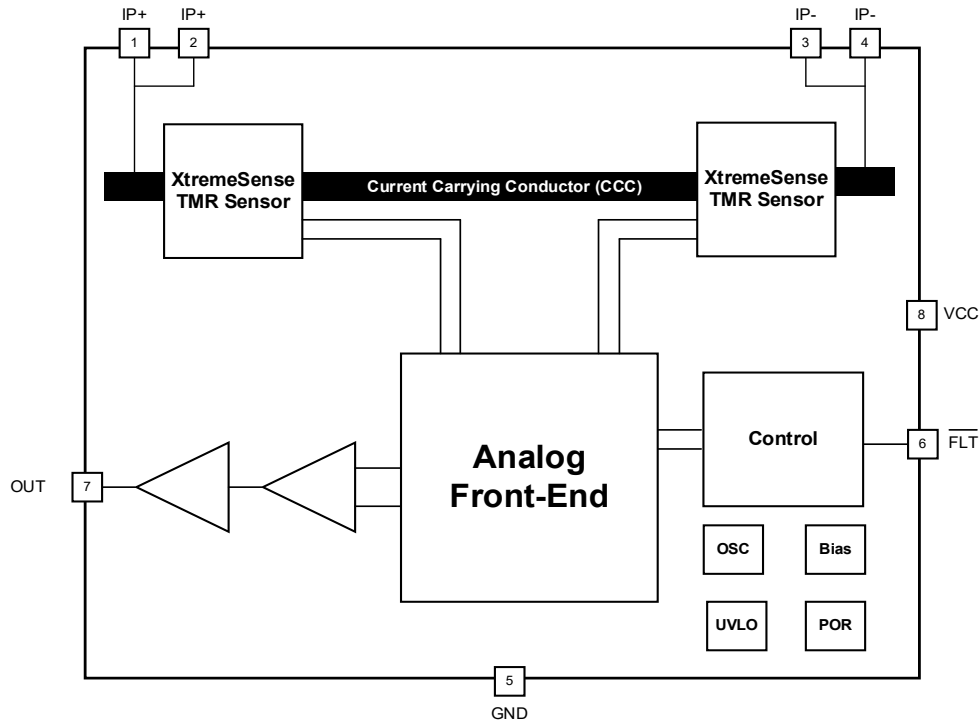


Figure 1. CT428 Functional Block Diagram for 8-lead SOIC Package

Application Diagram

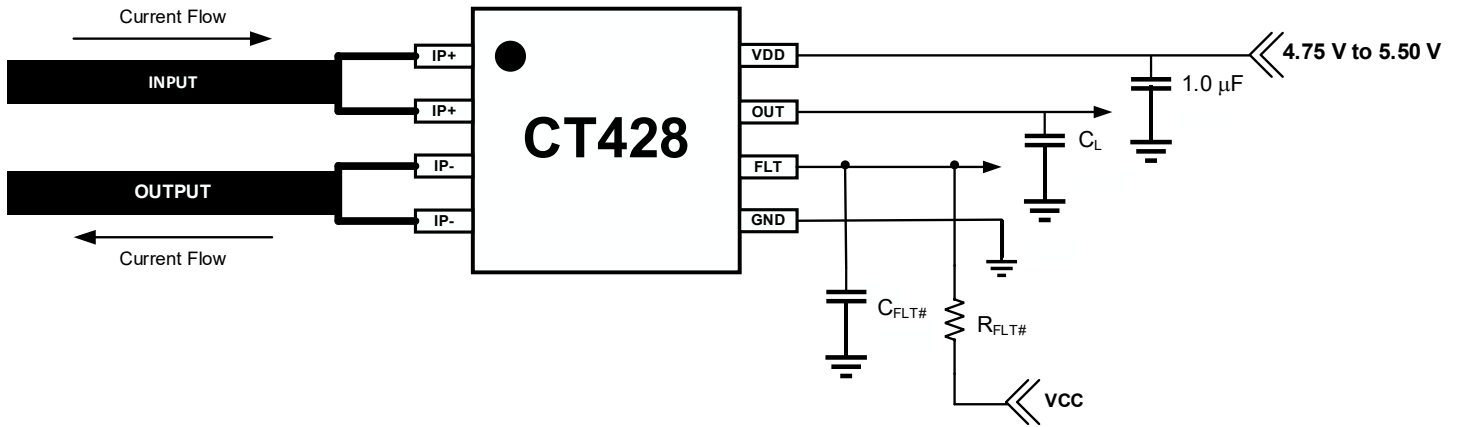


Figure 2. CT428 Application Block Diagram

Table 1. Recommended External Components

Component	Description	Vendor & Part Number	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
C _{BYP}	1.0 μF, X5R or Better	Murata GRM155C81A105KA12	C1		1.0		μF
C _{FLT#}	47 pF, X5R or Better	Murata GRM0225C1C470JA02	C2		47		pF
R _{FLT#}	10 kΩ Pull-up Resistor	Various	R1		10		kΩ

CT428 Pin Configuration

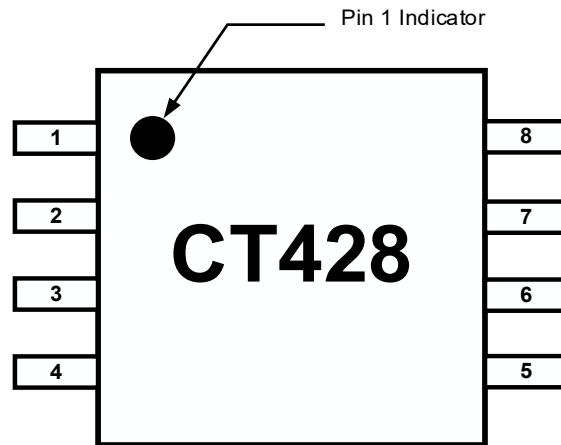


Figure 3. CT428 Pin-out Diagram for 8-lead SOIC Package (Top-Down View)

Pin Definition

Pin #	Pin Name	Pin Description
1	IP+	Input primary conductor (positive).
2		
3	IP-	Output primary conductor (negative).
4		
5	GND	Ground.
6	$\overline{\text{FLT}}$	Active LOW output fault signal (open drain output) to indicate that the following parameters are outside of normal operational bounds: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Over-Current Detection UVLO If not used, then a 47 pF capacitor must be connected from the pin to ground.
7	OUT	Analog output voltage that represents the measured current.
8	VDD	Supply voltage.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the CT428 and may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	-0.3	6.0	V
V _{I/O}	Analog Input/Output Pins Maximum Voltage	-0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3*	V
I _{CCC(MAX)}	Current Carrying Conductor, T _A = +25°C		70	A
V _{SURGE}	Dielectric Surge Strength Test Voltage	IEC 61000-4-5: Tested ±5 Pulses at 2/60 seconds, 1.2 μs (rise) and 50 μs (width)		kV
I _{SURGE}	Surge Strength Test Current	Tested ±5 Pulses at 3/60 seconds, 8.0 μs (rise) and 20 μs (width)		kA
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Protection Level	Human Body Model (HBM) per JESD22-A114		kV
		Charged Device Model (CDM) per JESD22-C101		
T _J	Junction Temperature	-40	+150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65	+155	°C
T _L	Lead Soldering Temperature, 10 Seconds		+260	°C

*The lower of V_{CC} + 0.3 V or 6.0 V.

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual operation of the CT428. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the specifications. Crocus Technology does not recommend exceeding them or designing to absolute maximum ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage Range	4.75	5.00	5.50	V	
V _{OUT}	OUT Voltage Range	0		V _{CC}	V	
I _{OUT}	OUT Current			±1.0	mA	
T _A	Operating Ambient Temperature	Industrial	-40	+25	+85	°C
		Extended Industrial	-40	+25	+125	

Thermal Properties

Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is a function of application and board layout and is determined in accordance to JEDEC standard JESD51 for a four (4) layer 2s2p FR-4 printed circuit board (PCB) with 2 oz. of copper (Cu) and 4 oz. of copper (Cu) or more for 65 A. Special attention must be paid not to exceed junction temperature T_{J(MAX)} at a given ambient temperature T_A.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
θ _{JA_SOIC}	Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance, SOIC-8		151	176	°C/W
θ _{JC_SOIC}	Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance, SOIC-8		102	128	°C/W

Isolation Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Rating	Unit
V _{ISO}	Rated Isolation Voltage	Agency Tested per IEC 62368* for 60 seconds. Production Tested at V _{ISO} for 1 second per IEC 62368.	4.0	kV _{RMS}
		Agency Tested per UL1577 for 60 seconds. Production Tested at V _{ISO} for 1 second per UL1577.	4.0	kV _{RMS}
V _{WORK_ISO}	Working Voltage for Basic Isolation	Tested per per IEC 62368*	991	V _{PK}
			701	V _{RMS}
V _{WORK_RI}	Working Voltage for Reinforced Isolation	Tested per IEC 62368*	487	V _{PK}
			344	V _{RMS}
d _{CR}	Creepage Distance	Minimum Distance Along Package Body from IP Pins to I/O Pins	4.96	mm
d _{CL}	Clearance Distance	Minimum Distance Through Air from IP Pins to I/O Pins	4.63	mm
d _{ISO}	Distance Through Isolation	Minimum Internal Distance Through Isolation	110	μm
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index	Material Group II	400 to 599	V

*IEC 62368 is the succeeding standard to IEC 60950-1 (Edition 2) for isolation testing specifications and as such it will be compliant to the latter standard.

Electrical Specifications

General Parameters

Unless otherwise specified: V_{CC} = 4.75 V to 5.50 V, T_A = -40°C to +125°C, C_{BYP} = 1.0 μF. Typical values are V_{CC} = 5.00 V and T_A = +25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power Supplies						
I _{CC}	Supply Current	f _{BW} = 1 MHz No load, I _P = 0 A		6.0	9.0	mA
I _{OUT}	OUT Maximum Drive Capability ⁽¹⁾	OUT covers 10% to 90% of V _{CC} span.	-1.0		+1.0	mA
C _{L_OUT}	OUT Capacitive Load ⁽¹⁾				100	pF
R _{L_OUT}	OUT Resistive Load ⁽¹⁾			100		kΩ
R _{IP}	Primary Conductor Resistance ⁽¹⁾			0.5		mΩ
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio ⁽¹⁾			35		dB
SPSRR	Sensitivity Power Supply Rejection Ratio ⁽¹⁾			35		dB
OPSRR	Offset Power Supply Rejection Ratio ⁽¹⁾			40		dB
Analog Output (OUT)						
V _{OUT}	OUT Voltage Linear Range	V _{SIG_AC} = ±2.00 V V _{SIG_DC} = +4.00 V	0.50		4.50	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{OUT_SAT}	Output High Saturation Voltage	V _{OUT} , T _A = +25°C,	V _{CC} - 0.30	V _{CC} - 0.25		V
CMFRR	Common Mode Field Rejection Ratio ⁽¹⁾			-54		dB
				0.5		mA/G
Fault Output (\overline{FLT})						
V _{FLT#_OL}	\overline{FLT} Voltage LOW	I _{FLT#_OUT} ≤ 20 mA	0		0.5	V
I _{LEAK_FLT#}	High Impedance Output Leakage Current	V _{FLT#_OH} = V _{CC}		5		μA
RPU	\overline{FLT} Pull-up Resistor			100		kΩ
Timings						
t _{ON}	Power-On Time ⁽¹⁾	V _{CC} ≥ 2.50 V		100	200	μs
t _{RISE}	Rise Time ⁽¹⁾	I _P = I _{RANGE(MAX)} , T _A = +25°C, C _L = 220 pF		200		ns
t _{RESPONSE}	Response Time ⁽¹⁾			300		ns
t _{DELAY}	Propagation Delay ⁽¹⁾			250		ns
t _{FLT#}	\overline{FLT} Response Time ⁽¹⁾			250		ns
Protection						
V _{UVLO}	Under-Voltage Lockout	Rising V _{CC}		2.50		V
		Falling V _{CC}		2.45		V
V _{UV_HYS}	UVLO Hysteresis			50		mV

(1) Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

Electrical Characteristics

V_{CC} = 5.00 V and T_A = +25°C and C_{BYP} = 1.0 μF (unless otherwise specified)

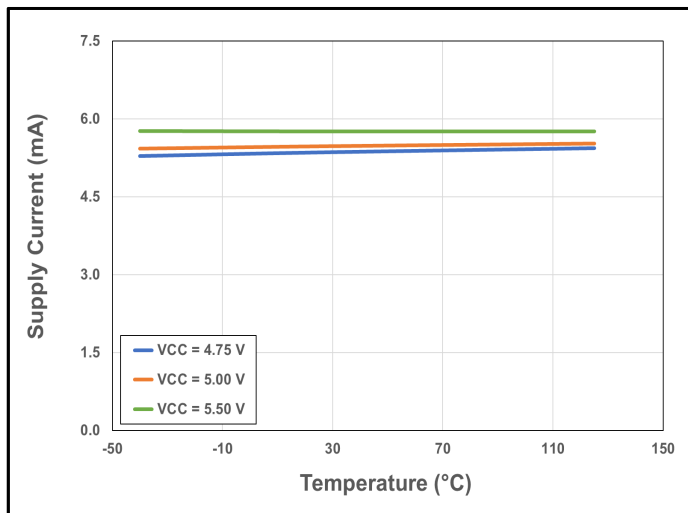


Figure 4. CT428 Supply Current vs. Temperature vs. Supply Voltage

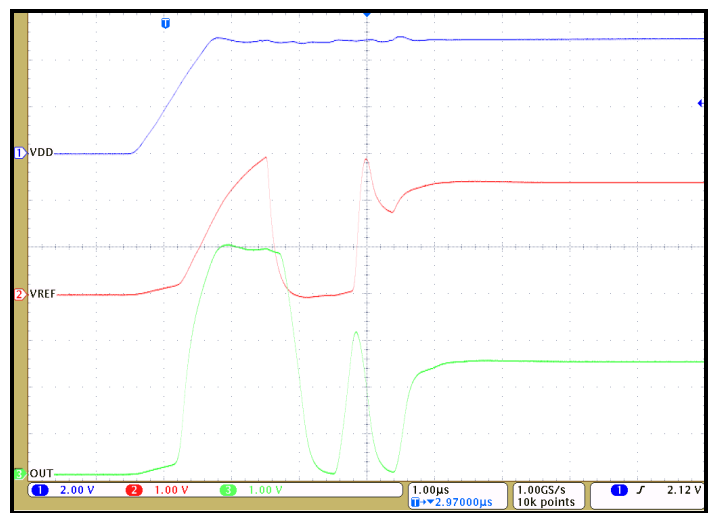


Figure 5. CT428 Startup Waveforms for V_{OQ} = 2.50 V (AC Current)

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

V_{CC} = 5.00 V and T_A = +25°C and C_{BYP} = 1.0 μF (unless otherwise specified)

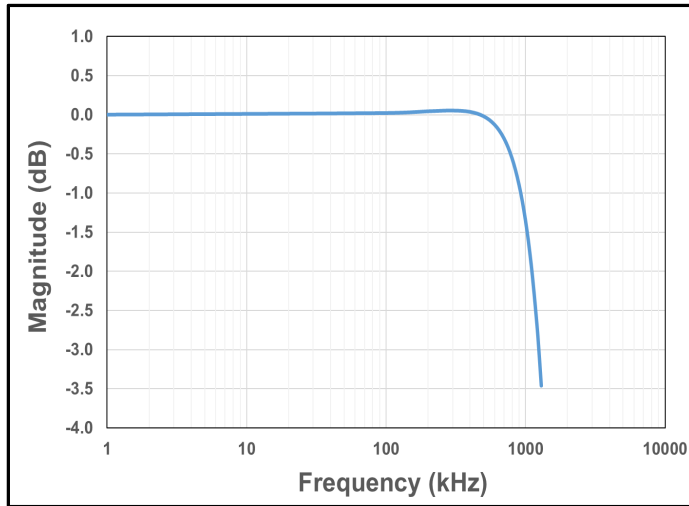


Figure 6. CT428 Bandwidth with C_{FILTER} = 1.0 pF

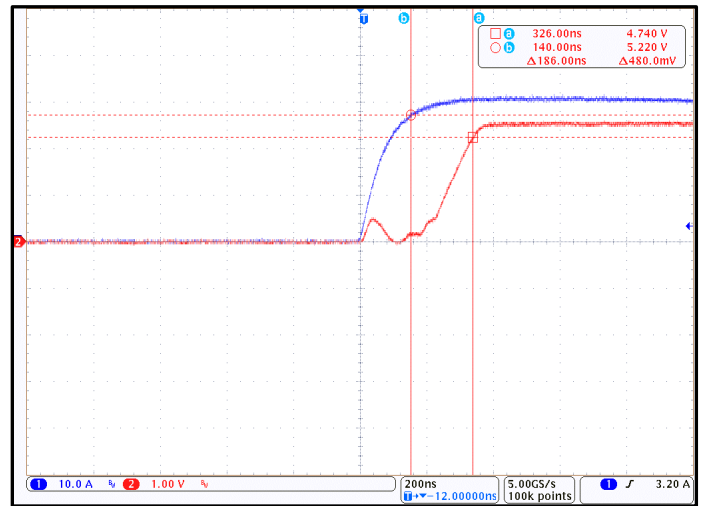


Figure 7. CT428 Response Time; I_P = 30 A_{PK} and C_L = 220 pF (Blue = I_{CC}, Red = V_{OUT})

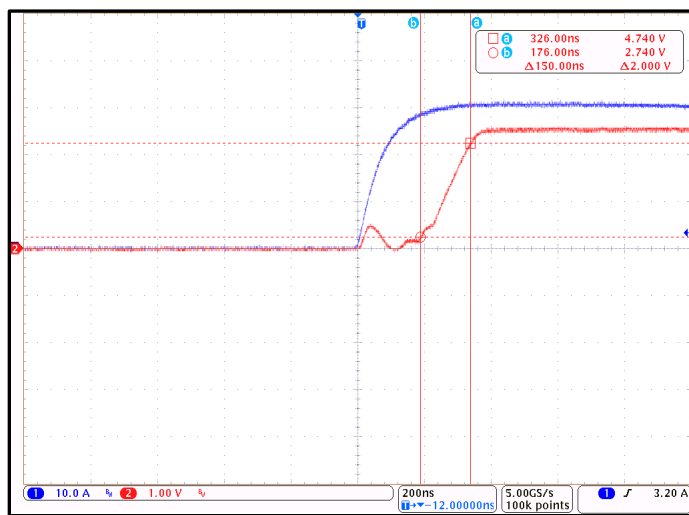


Figure 8. CT428 Rise Time; I_P = 30 A_{PK} and C_L = 220 pF (Blue = I_{CC}, Red = V_{OUT})

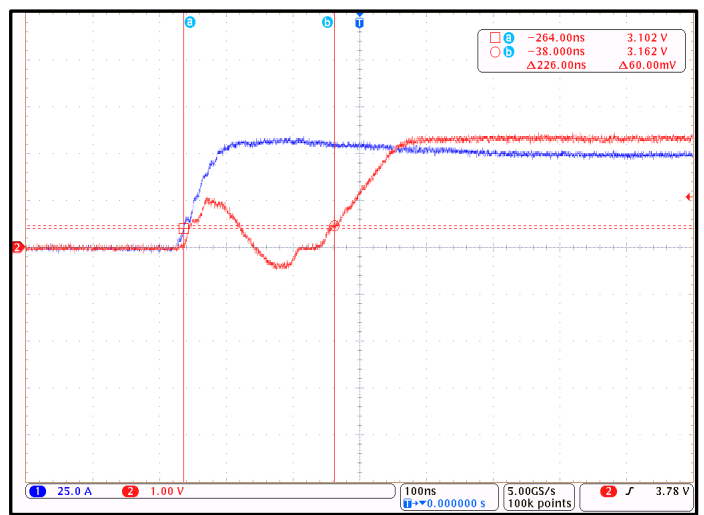


Figure 9. CT428 Propagation Delay; I_P = 30 A_{PK} and C_L = 220 pF (Blue = I_{CC}, Red = V_{OUT})

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

V_{CC} = 5.00 V and T_A = +25°C and C_{BYP} = 1.0 μF (unless otherwise specified)

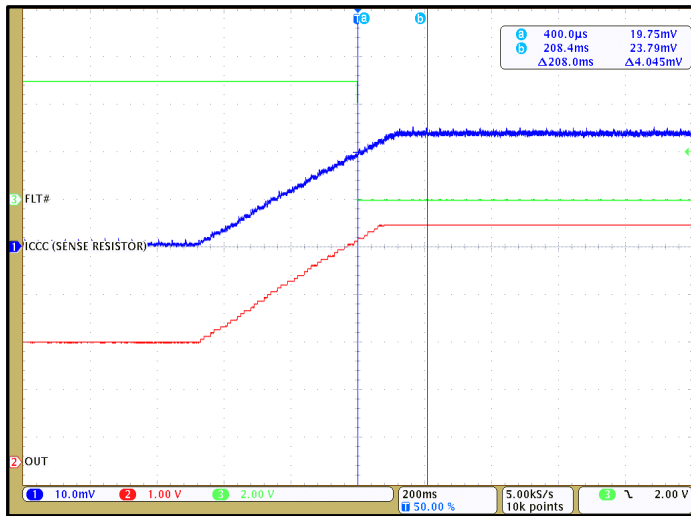


Figure 10. CT428 OCD enabled at +110% of +30 A_{PK} and FLT# is LOW

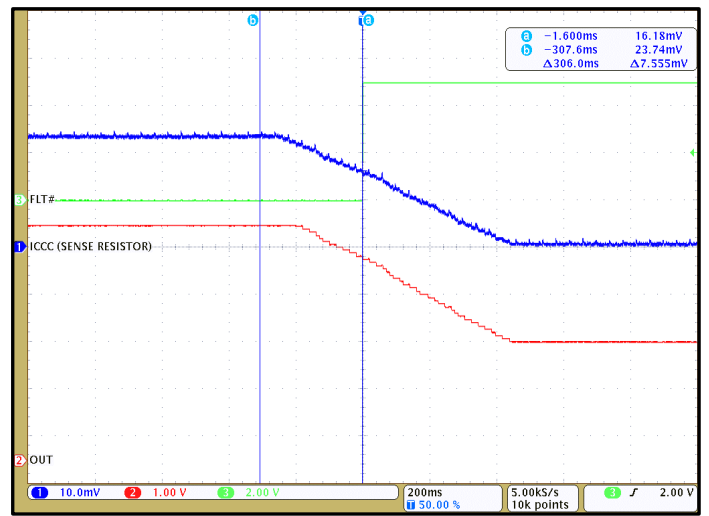


Figure 11. CT428 OCD disabled at +90% of +30 A_{PK} and FLT# is HIGH

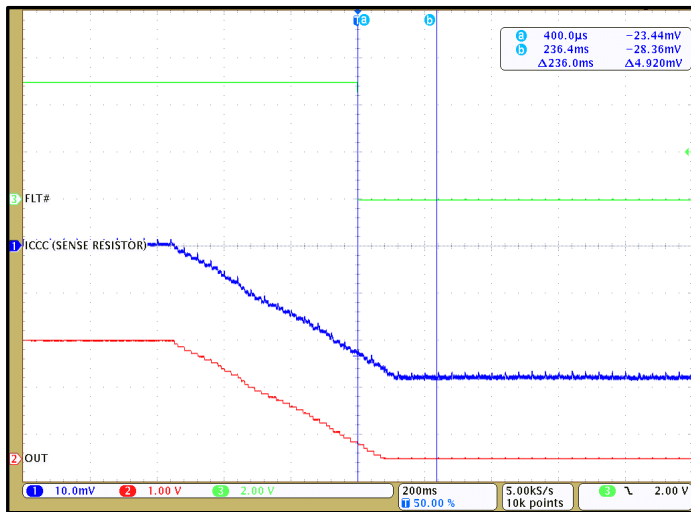


Figure 12. CT428 OCD enabled at -110% of -30 A_{PK} and FLT# is LOW

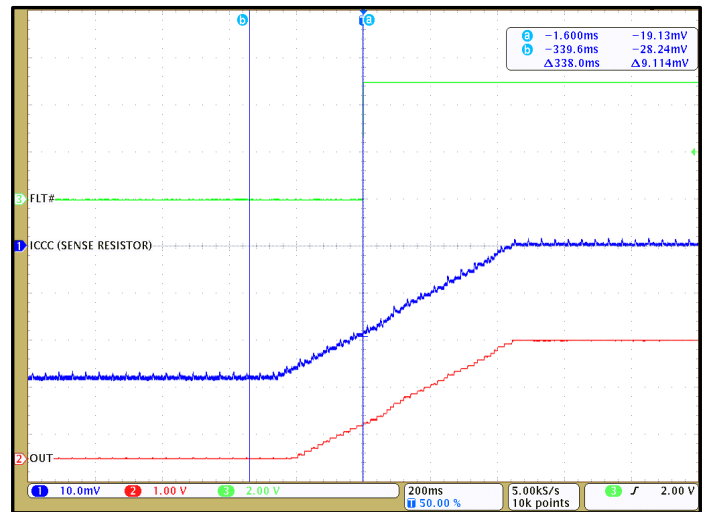


Figure 13. CT428 OCD disabled at -90% of -30 A_{PK} and FLT# is HIGH

CT428-xSN820DR: 0 A to +20 A

Unless otherwise specified: $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{ V to }5.50\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{BYP} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$. Typical values are $V_{CC} = 5.00\text{ V}$ and $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{RANGE}	Current Range		0		+20	A
V_{OQ}	Voltage Output Quiescent	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_P = 0\text{ A}$	0.495	0.500	0.505	V
S	Sensitivity	$I_{RANGE(MIN)} < I_P < I_{RANGE(MAX)}$		200		mV/A
f_{BW}	Bandwidth ⁽¹⁾	Small Signal = -3 dB		1.0		MHz
e_N	Noise ⁽¹⁾	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $f_{BW} = 100\text{ kHz}$		9.0		mA _{RMS}
OUT Accuracy Performance						
E_{OUT}	Total Output Error	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$		± 0.7	± 1.0	% FS
E_{LIN}	Non-Linearity Error ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.2		% FS
E_{SENS}	Sensitivity Error ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.7		% FS
V_{OFFSET}	Offset Voltage ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = 0\text{ A}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 21.9		mV
				± 0.5		% FS
Lifetime Drift						
E_{TOT_DRIFT}	Total Output Error Lifetime Drift ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$		± 1.0		% FS

(1) Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

Electrical Characteristics for CT428-xSN820DR

$V_{CC} = 5.00\text{ V}$ and $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ and $C_{BYP} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise specified)

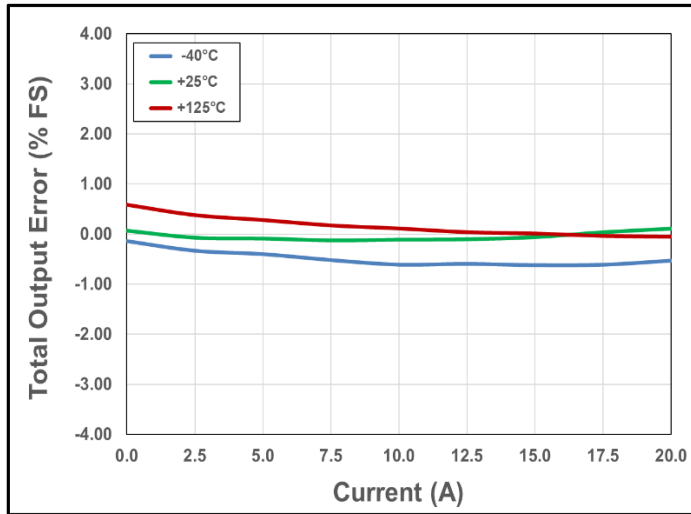


Figure 14. Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

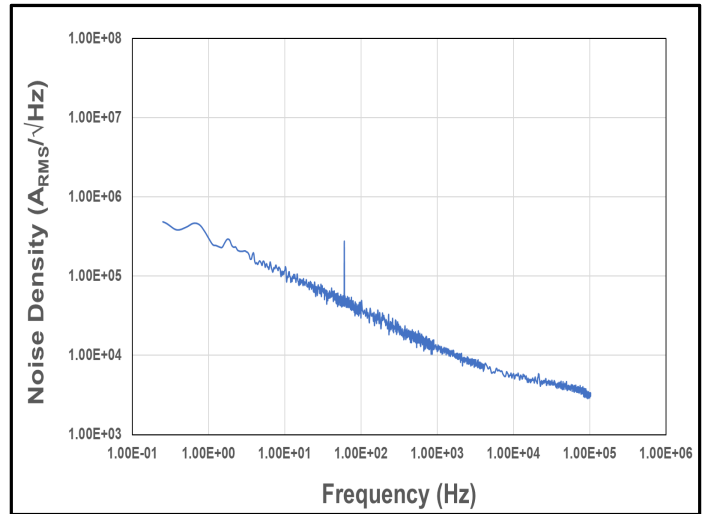


Figure 15. Noise Density vs. Frequency

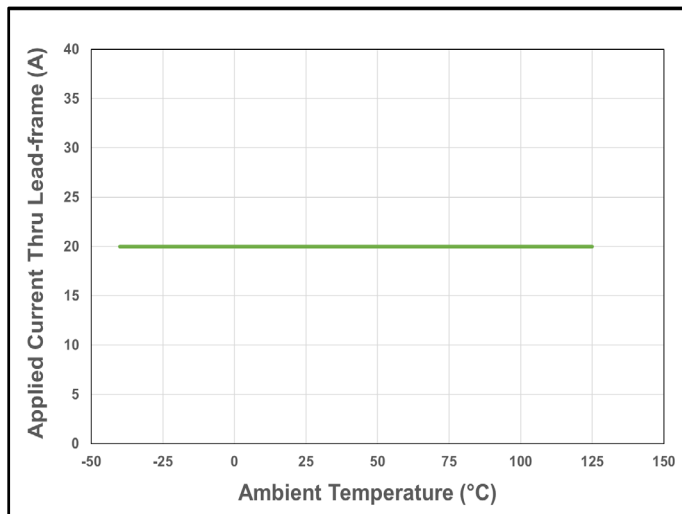


Figure 16. CT428 Current De-rating Curve for 20 A_{DC}

CT428-xSN820MR: -20 A to +20 A

Unless otherwise specified: $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{ V to }5.50\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{BYP} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$. Typical values are $V_{CC} = 5.00\text{ V}$ and $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{RANGE}	Current Range		-20		+20	A
V_{OQ}	Voltage Output Quiescent	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_P = 0\text{ A}$	2.495	2.500	2.505	V
S	Sensitivity	$I_{RANGE(MIN)} < I_P < I_{RANGE(MAX)}$		100		mV/A
f_{BW}	Bandwidth ⁽¹⁾	Small Signal = -3 dB		1.0		MHz
e_N	Noise ⁽¹⁾	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $f_{BW} = 100\text{ kHz}$		10.0		mA _{RMS}
OUT Accuracy Performance						
E_{OUT}	Total Output Error	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$		± 0.5	± 1.0	% FS
E_{LIN}	Non-Linearity Error ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.1		% FS
E_{SENS}	Sensitivity Error ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.3		% FS
V_{OFFSET}	Offset Voltage ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = 0\text{ A}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 15.2		mV
				± 0.4		% FS
Lifetime Drift						
E_{TOT_DRIFT}	Total Output Error Lifetime Drift ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$		± 1.0		% FS

(1) Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

Electrical Characteristics for CT428-xSN820MR

$V_{CC} = 5.00\text{ V}$ and $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ and $C_{BYP} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise specified)

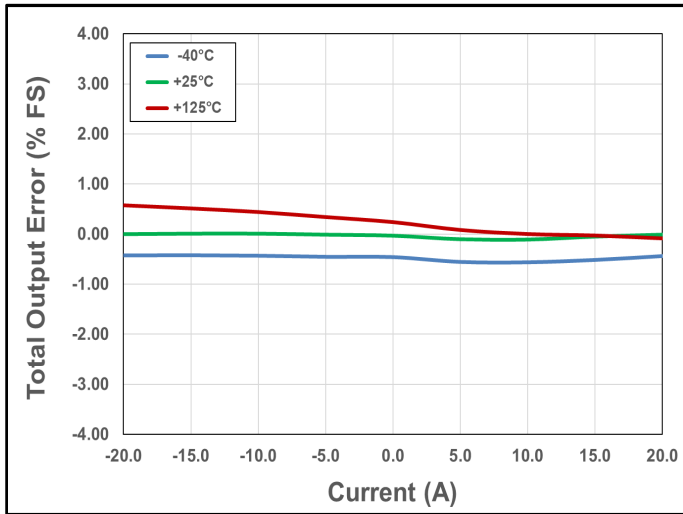


Figure 17. Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

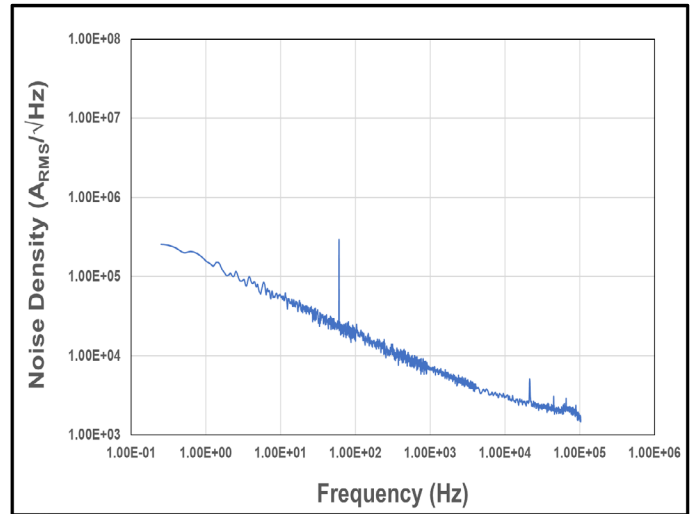


Figure 18. Noise Density vs. Frequency

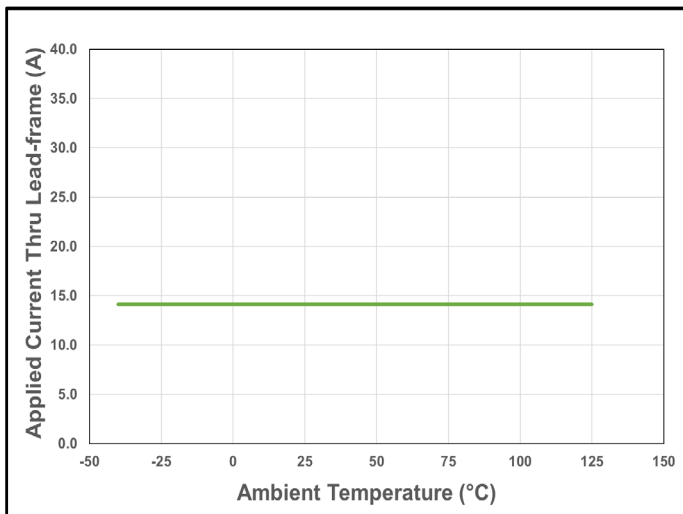


Figure 19. CT428 Current De-rating Curve for 20 A_{PK} (14.1 A_{DC})

CT428-xSN830DR: 0 A to +30 A

Unless otherwise specified: $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{ V to }5.50\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{BYP} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$. Typical values are $V_{CC} = 5.00\text{ V}$ and $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{RANGE}	Current Range		0		+30	A
V_{OQ}	Voltage Output Quiescent	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_P = 0\text{ A}$	0.495	0.500	0.505	V
S	Sensitivity	$I_{RANGE(MIN)} < I_P < I_{RANGE(MAX)}$		133.3		mV/A
f_{BW}	Bandwidth ⁽¹⁾	Small Signal = -3 dB $C_{FILTER} = 5\text{ pF}$		1.0		MHz
e_N	Noise ⁽¹⁾	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $f_{BW} = 100\text{ kHz}$		10.0		mARMS
OUT Accuracy Performance						
E_{OUT}	Total Output Error	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$		± 0.7	± 1.0	% FS
E_{LIN}	Non-Linearity Error ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.1		% FS
E_{SENS}	Sensitivity Error ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.4		% FS
V_{OFFSET}	Offset Voltage ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = 0\text{ A}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 13.3		mV
				± 0.3		% FS
Lifetime Drift						
E_{TOT_DRIFT}	Total Output Error Lifetime Drift ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$		± 1.0		% FS

(1) Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

Electrical Characteristics for CT428-xSN830DR

$V_{CC} = 5.00\text{ V}$ and $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ and $C_{BYP} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise specified)

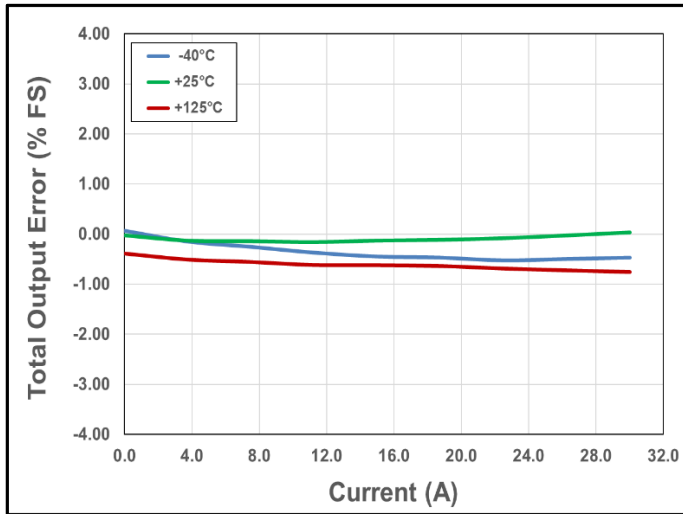


Figure 20. Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

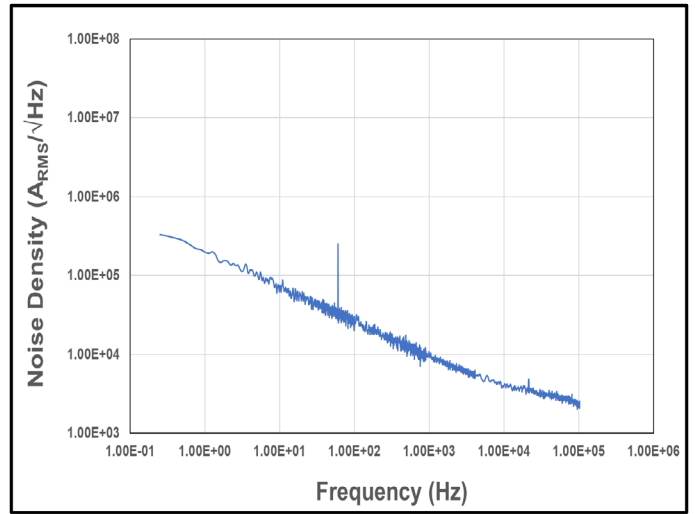


Figure 21. Noise Density vs. Frequency

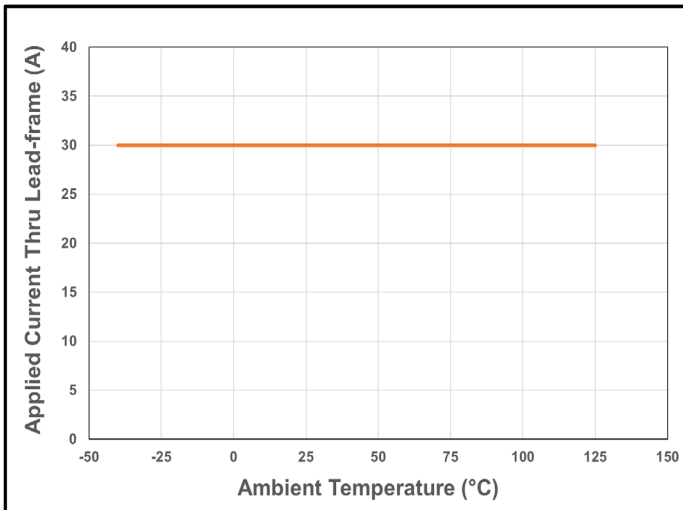


Figure 22. CT428 Current De-rating Curve for 30 A_{DC}

CT428-xSN830MR: -30 A to +30 A

Unless otherwise specified: $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{ V to }5.50\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{BYP} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$. Typical values are $V_{CC} = 5.00\text{ V}$ and $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{RANGE}	Current Range		-30		+30	A
V_{OQ}	Voltage Output Quiescent	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_P = 0\text{ A}$	2.495	2.500	2.505	V
S	Sensitivity	$I_{RANGE(MIN)} < I_P < I_{RANGE(MAX)}$		66.7		mV/A
f_{BW}	Bandwidth ⁽¹⁾	Small Signal = -3 dB $C_{FILTER} = 5\text{ pF}$		1.0		MHz
e_N	Noise ⁽¹⁾	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $f_{BW} = 100\text{ kHz}$		11.5		mA _{RMS}
OUT Accuracy Performance						
E_{OUT}	Total Output Error	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$		± 0.5	± 1.0	% FS
E_{LIN}	Non-Linearity Error ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.1		% FS
E_{SENS}	Sensitivity Error ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.4		% FS
V_{OFFSET}	Offset Voltage ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = 0\text{ A}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 13.7		mV
				± 0.3		% FS
Lifetime Drift						
E_{TOT_DRIFT}	Total Output Error Lifetime Drift ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$		± 1.0		% FS

(1) Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

Electrical Characteristics for CT428-xSN830MR

$V_{CC} = 5.00\text{ V}$ and $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ and $C_{BYP} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise specified)

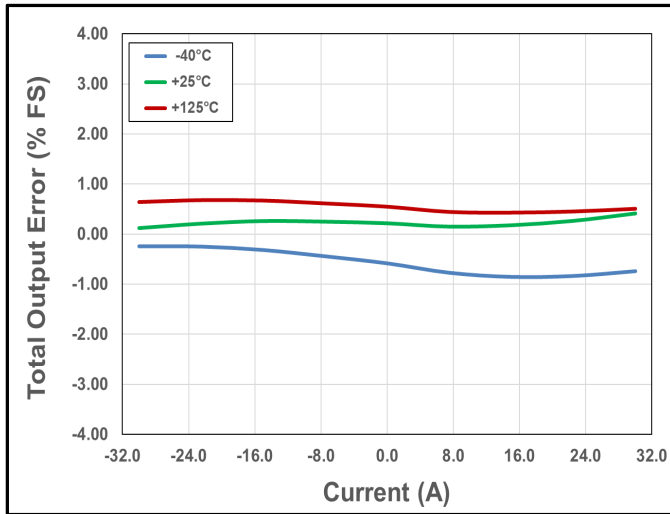


Figure 23. Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

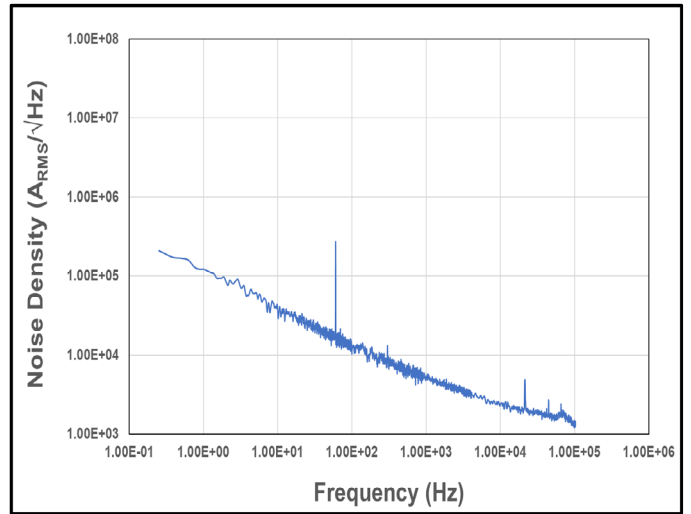


Figure 24. Noise Density vs. Frequency

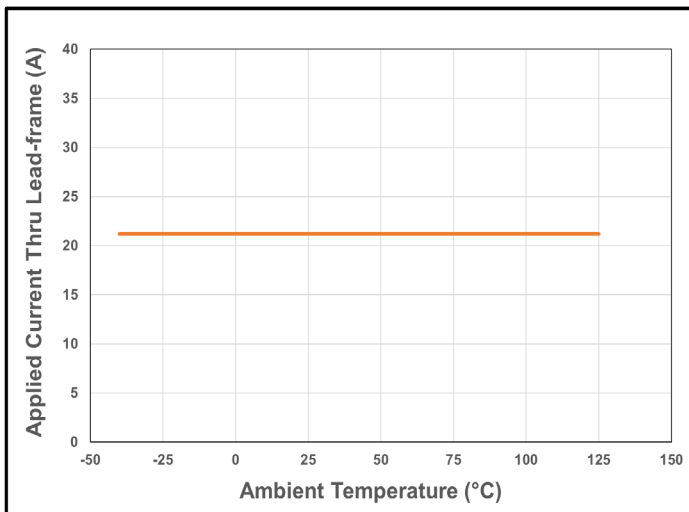


Figure 25. CT428 Current De-rating Curve for 30 A_{PK} (21.2 A_{DC})

CT428-xSN865DR: 0 A to +65 A

Unless otherwise specified: $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{ V to }5.50\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{BYP} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$. Typical values are $V_{CC} = 5.00\text{ V}$ and $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{RANGE}	Current Range		0		+65	A
V_{OQ}	Voltage Output Quiescent	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_P = 0\text{ A}$	0.495	0.500	0.505	V
S	Sensitivity	$I_{RANGE(MIN)} < I_P < I_{RANGE(MAX)}$		61.5		mV/A
f_{BW}	Bandwidth ⁽¹⁾	Small Signal = -3 dB $C_{FILTER} = 5\text{ pF}$		1.0		MHz
e_N	Noise ⁽¹⁾	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $f_{BW} = 100\text{ kHz}$		10.0		mA _{RMS}
OUT Accuracy Performance						
E_{OUT}	Total Output Error	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$		± 0.7	± 1.5	% FS
E_{LIN}	Non-Linearity Error ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.2		% FS
E_{SENS}	Sensitivity Error ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.2		% FS
V_{OFFSET}	Offset Voltage ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = 0\text{ A}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 4.0		mV
				± 0.1		% FS
Lifetime Drift						
E_{TOT_DRIFT}	Total Output Error Lifetime Drift ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$		± 1.0		% FS

(1) Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

Electrical Characteristics for CT428-xSN865DR

$V_{CC} = 5.00\text{ V}$ and $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ and $C_{BYP} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise specified)

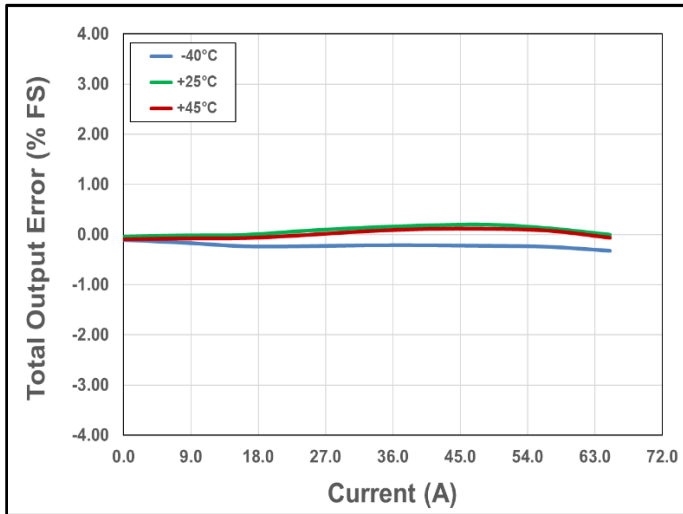


Figure 26. Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

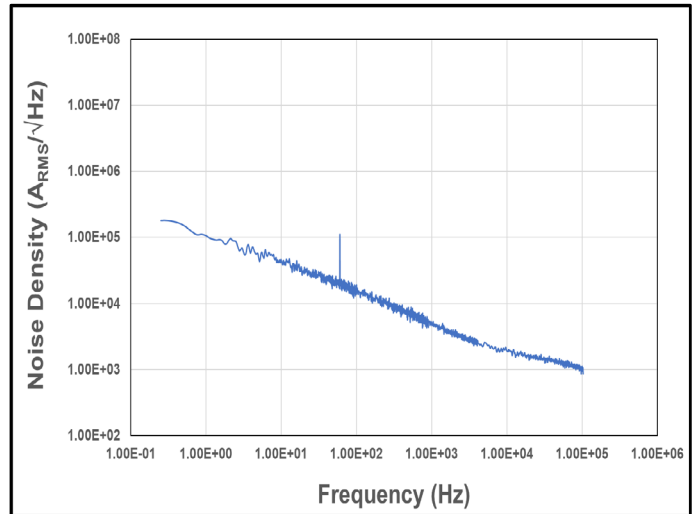


Figure 27. Noise Density vs. Frequency

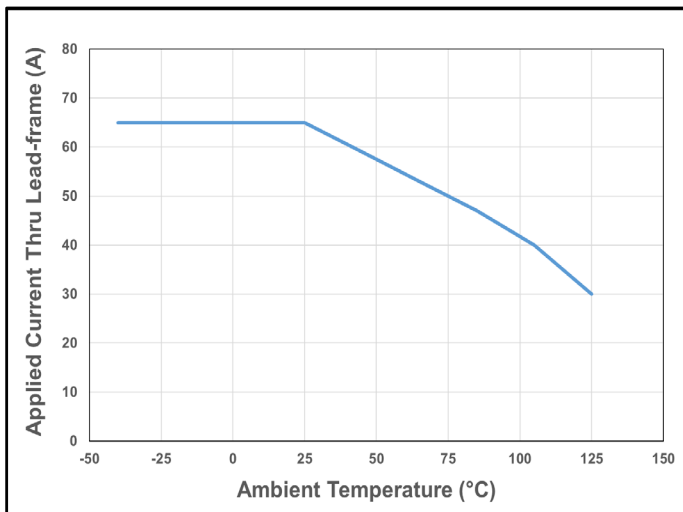


Figure 28. CT428 Current De-rating Curve for 65 A_{DC}

CT428-xSN865MR: -65 A to +65 A

Unless otherwise specified: $V_{CC} = 4.75\text{ V to }5.50\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{BYP} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$. Typical values are $V_{CC} = 5.00\text{ V}$ and $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{RANGE}	Current Range		-65		+65	A
V_{OQ}	Voltage Output Quiescent	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_P = 0\text{ A}$	2.495	2.500	2.505	V
S	Sensitivity	$I_{RANGE(MIN)} < I_P < I_{RANGE(MAX)}$		30.8		mV/A
f_{BW}	Bandwidth ⁽¹⁾	Small Signal = -3 dB $C_{FILTER} = 5\text{ pF}$		1.0		MHz
e_N	Noise ⁽¹⁾	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $f_{BW} = 100\text{ kHz}$		13.5		mA _{RMS}
OUT Accuracy Performance						
E_{OUT}	Total Output Error	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$		± 0.5	± 1.0	% FS
E_{LIN}	Non-Linearity Error ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.2		% FS
E_{SENS}	Sensitivity Error ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.2		% FS
V_{OFFSET}	Offset Voltage ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = 0\text{ A}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$		± 4.0		mV
				± 0.1		% FS
Lifetime Drift						
E_{TOT_DRIFT}	Total Output Error Lifetime Drift ⁽¹⁾	$I_P = I_{P(MAX)}$		± 1.0		% FS

(1) Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

Electrical Characteristics for CT428-xSN865MR

$V_{CC} = 5.00\text{ V}$ and $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ and $C_{BYP} = 1.0\ \mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise specified)

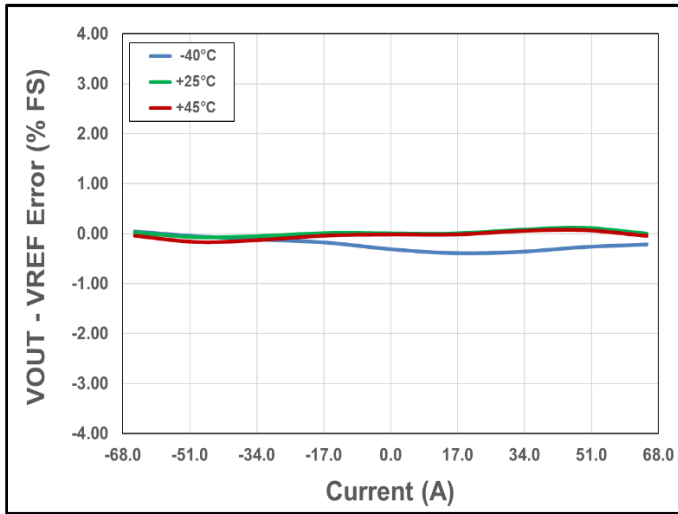


Figure 29. Total Output Error vs. Current vs. Temperature

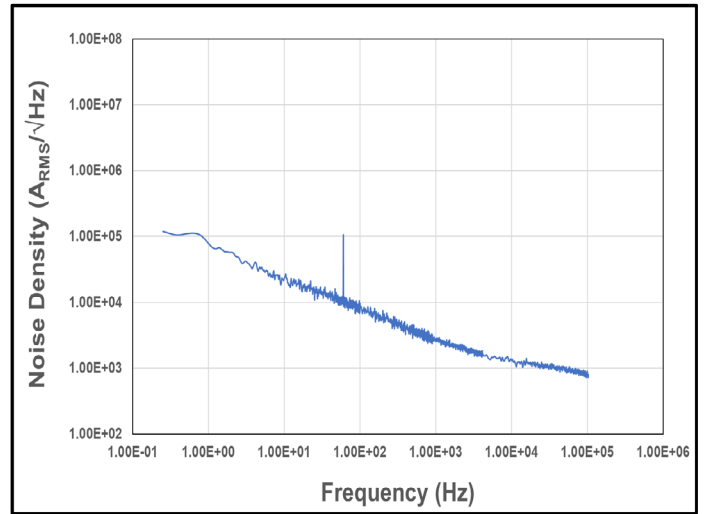


Figure 30. Noise Density vs. Frequency

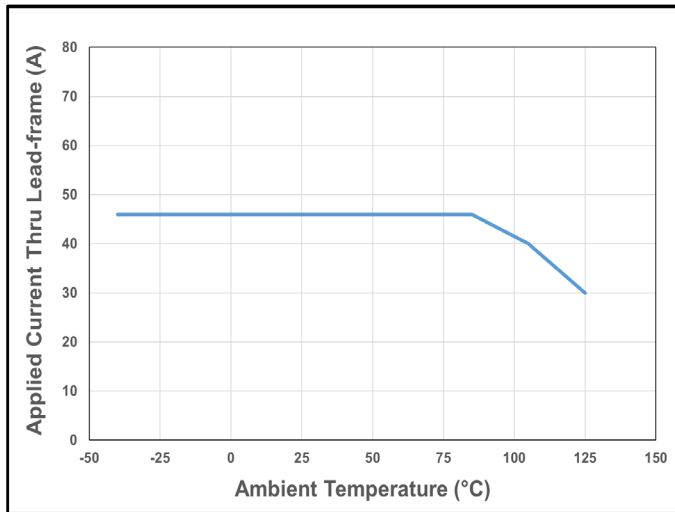


Figure 31. CT428 Current De-rating Curve for 65 A_{PK} (46.0 A_{DC})

Circuit Description

Overview

The CT428 is a very high accuracy contact current sensor with an integrated current carrying conductor (CCC) that handles up to 65 A. It has very high sensitivity and a wide dynamic range with excellent accuracy (very low total output error) across temperature. This current sensor supports six (6) current ranges:

- 0 A to +20 A
- -20 A to +20 A
- 0 A to +30 A
- -30 A to +30 A
- 0 A to +65 A
- -65 A to +65 A

When current is flowing through the CCC, the XtemeSense TMR sensors inside the chip senses the field which in turn generates a differential voltage signals that then goes through the Analog Front-End (AFE) to output a current measurement with less than $\pm 1.0\%$ full-scale (FS) total output error (E_{OUT}).

The chip is designed to enable a very fast response time of 300 ns for the current measurement from the OUT pin as the bandwidth for the CT428 is 1.0 MHz. Even with a high bandwidth, the chip consumes a minimal amount of power.

Linear Output Current Measurement

The CT428 provides a continuous linear analog output voltage which represents the current measurement. The output voltage range of OUT is from 0.50 V to 4.50 V with a V_{OQ} of 0.50 V and 2.50 V for unidirectional and bidirectional currents, respectively. Figure 32 illustrates the output voltage range of the OUT pin as a function of the measured current.

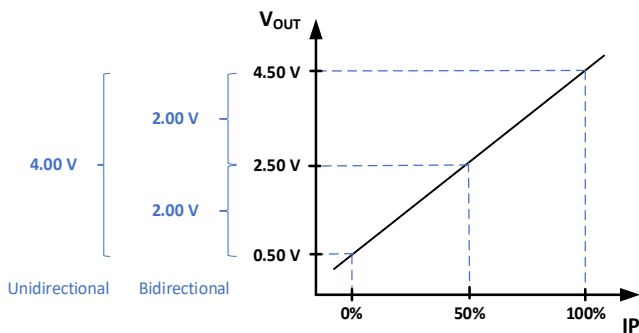


Figure 32. Linear Output Voltage Range (OUT) vs. Measured Current (I_P)

Sensitivity

The Sensitivity (S) is a change in CT428's output in response to a change in 1 A of current flowing through the CCC. It is defined by the product of the magnetic circuit sensitivity (G/A, where 1.0 G = 0.1 mT) and the chip's linear amplifier gain (mV/G). Therefore, the result of this gives a sensitivity unit of mV/A. The CT428 is factory calibrated to optimize the sensitivity for the full scale of the device's dynamic range.

Total Output Error

The Total Output Error is the difference between the current measured by CT428 and the actual current, relative to the actual current. It is equivalent to the ratio between the difference of the ideal and actual voltage to the ideal sensitivity multiplied by the current flowing through the primary conductor (CCC). The following equation defines the Total Output Error (E_{OUT}) for the CT428:

$$E_{OUT} = \frac{V_{IOUT_IDEAL}(I_P) - V_{IOUT}(I_P)}{S_{IDEAL}(I_P) \times I_P}$$

The E_{OUT} incorporates all sources of error and is a function of the sensed current (I_P) from CT428. At high current levels, the E_{OUT} will be dominated by the sensitivity error whereas at low current, the dominant characteristic is the offset voltage. Figure 33 shows the behavior of E_{OUT} versus I_P . When I_P goes to 0 from both directions, the curves exhibit asymptotic behavior i.e. E_{OUT} approaches infinity.

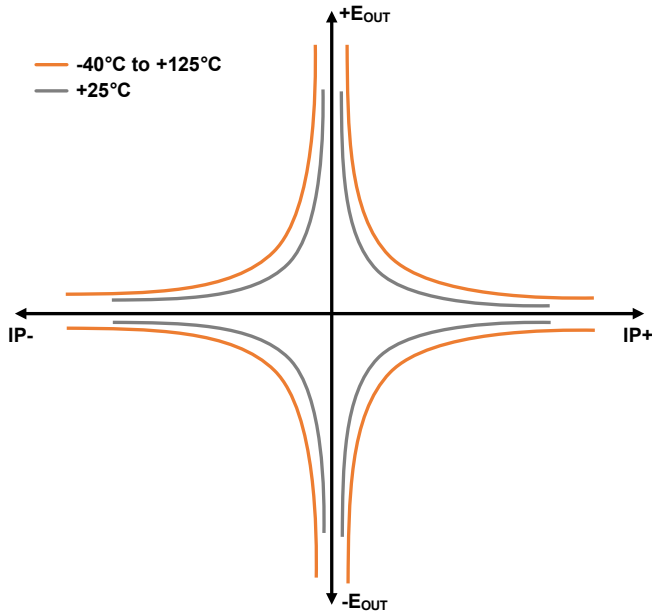


Figure 33. Total Output Error (E_{OUT}) vs. Sensed Current (IP)

The CT428 achieves a total output error (E_{OUT}) that is less than ±1.0% of Full-Scale (FS) over supply voltage and temperature. It is designed with innovative and proprietary TMR sensors and circuit blocks to provide very accurate current measurements regardless of the operating conditions.

Sensitivity Error

The sensitivity error (E_{SENS}) is the sensitivity temperature drift error for unipolar or DC current. It is calculated using the equation below:

$$E_{SENS} = \left(\frac{S_{MEASURED}}{S} - 1 \right) \times 100\%$$

For bipolar or AC current, the E_{SENS} is calculated by dividing the equation by 2.

Power-On Time (t_{ON})

The Power-On Time (t_{ON}) of 100 μs is the amount of time required by CT428 to start up, fully power the chip and becoming fully operational from the moment the supply voltage is applied to it. This time includes the ramp up time and the settling time (within 10% of steady-state voltage under an applied magnetic field) after the power supply has reached the minimum V_{CC}.

Response Time (t_{RESPONSE})

The Response Time (t_{RESPONSE}) of 300 ns for the CT428 is the time interval between the following terms:

1. When the primary current signal reaches 90% of its final value,
2. When the chip reaches 90% of its output corresponding to the applied current.

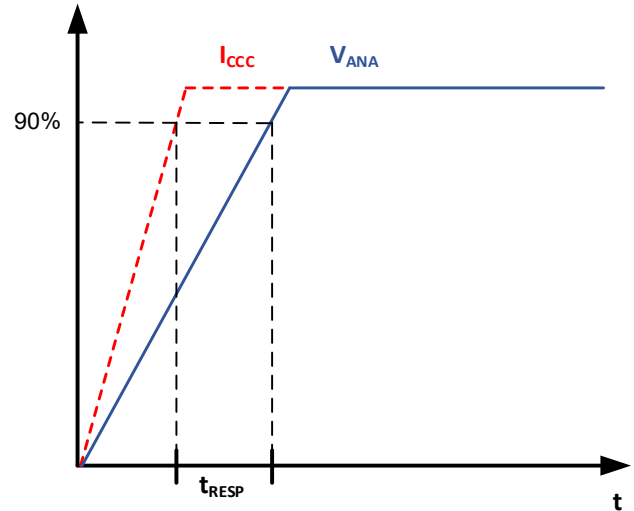


Figure 34. CT428 Response Time Curve

Rise Time (t_{RISE})

The CT428’s rise time, t_{RISE}, is the time interval of when it reaches 10% and 90% of the full-scale output voltage. The t_{RISE} of the CT428 is 200 ns.

Propagation Delay (t_{DELAY})

The Propagation Delay (t_{DELAY}) is the time difference between these two events:

1. When the primary current reaches 20% of its final value
2. When the chip reaches 20% of its output corresponding to the applied current.

The CT428 has a propagation delay of 250 ns.

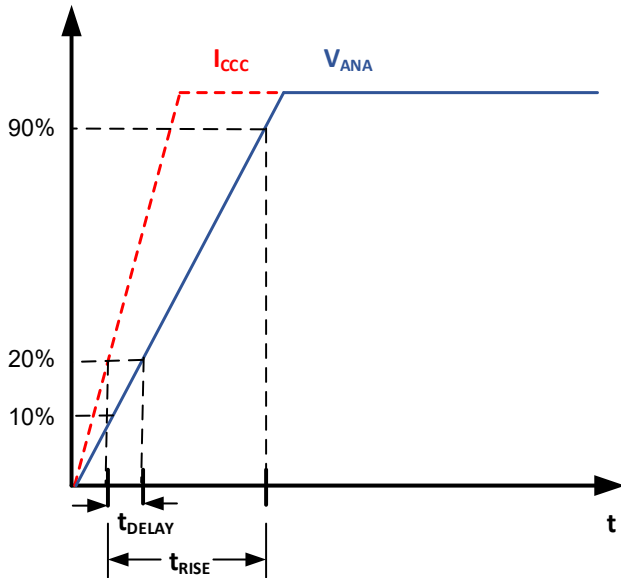


Figure 35. CT428 Propagation Delay and Rise Time Curve

Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

The Under-Voltage Lock-out protection circuitry of the CT428 is activated when the supply voltage (V_{CC}) falls below 2.45 V. The CT428 remains in a low quiescent state until V_{CC} rises above the UVLO threshold (2.50 V). In this condition where the V_{CC} is less than 2.45 V and UVLO is triggered, the output from the CT428 is not valid and the \overline{FLT} pin will go LOW. Once the V_{CC} rises above 2.50 V then the UVLO is cleared, and the \overline{FLT} pin will be HIGH.

Fault# Interrupt (\overline{FLT})

The CT428 generates an active LOW digital fault signal via the \overline{FLT} pin to interrupt the microcontroller to indicate a fault event has been triggered. It is an open drain output and requires a pull-up resistor with a value of 100 k Ω tied to V_{CC} . A fault signal will interrupt the host system for these events:

- OCD
- UVLO

The \overline{FLT} signal will be asserted LOW whenever one of the above fault events occur. In the case of an UVLO event, the \overline{FLT} pin will stay LOW until the fault is cleared and then go HIGH.

If the \overline{FLT} is not used, then a 47 pF capacitor must be connected from the pin to ground.

Immunity to Common Mode Fields

The CT428 is housed in custom plastic packages that utilize a “U-shaped” lead-frame to reduce the common

mode fields generated as current flows through the CCC. With the “U-shaped” lead-frame, the stray fields cancel one another thus reducing electro-magnetic interference (EMI).

Also, good PCB layout of the CT428 will optimize performance and reduce EMI. Please see the Applications Information section in this data sheet for recommendations on PCB layout.

Creepage and Clearance

Two important terms as it relates to isolation provided by the package are: creepage and clearance. Creepage is defined as the shortest distance across the surface of the package from one side the leads to the other side of the leads. The definition for clearance is the shortest distance between the leads of opposite side through the air. Figure 36 illustrates the creepage and clearance for the SOIC-8 package of the CT428.

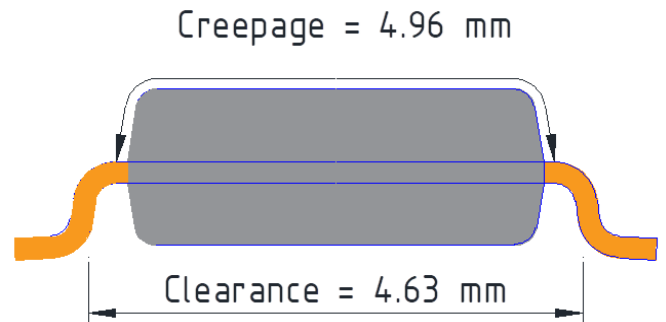


Figure 36. The Creepage and Clearance for the CT428's SOIC-8 package

Applications Information

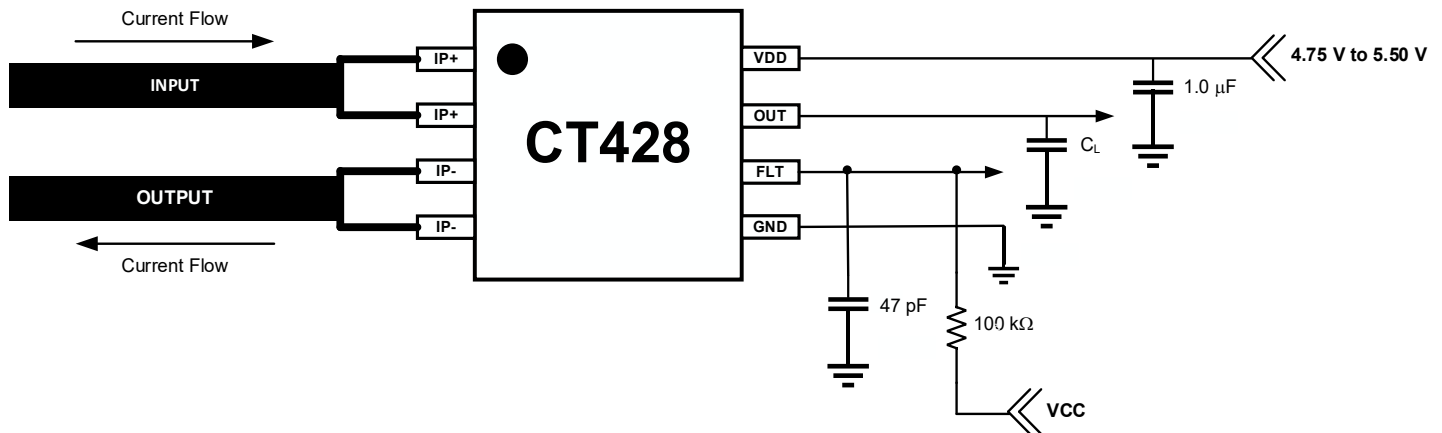


Figure 37. CT428 Application Block Diagram

Application

The CT428 is an integrated contact current sensor that can be used in many applications from measuring current in power supplies to motor control to over-current fault protection. It is a plug-and-play solution in that no calibration is required and it outputs to a microcontroller a simple linear analog output voltage which corresponds to a current measurement value.

It is designed to support an operating voltage range of 4.75 V to 5.50 V, but it is ideal to use a 5.00 V power supply where the output tolerance is less than $\pm 5\%$.

Bypass Capacitor

A single 1.0 μF capacitor is needed for the VCC pin to reduce the noise from the power supply and other circuits. This capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the CT428 to minimize inductance and resistance between the two devices.

FLT Resistor and Capacitor

For the CT428, the FLT# pin is an open drain output. It requires a pull-up resistor value of 100 $\text{k}\Omega$ to be connected from the pin to VCC and also a 47 pF capacitor to be connected from the pin to ground.

If the FLT# pin function is not needed in the application, then a 47 pF capacitor must be connected from the pin to ground.

Recommended PCB Layout

Since the CT428 can measure up to 30 A of current, special care must be taken in the printed circuit board

(PCB) layout of the CT428 and the surrounding circuitry. It is recommended that the CCC pins be connected to as much copper area as possible. It is also recommended that 2 oz. or heavier copper be used for PCB traces when the CT428 is used to measure 30 A of current. Additional layers of the PCB should also be used to carry current and be connected using the arrangement of vias. For the 65 A variant, it is recommended that 4 oz. of copper be used for the PCB traces.

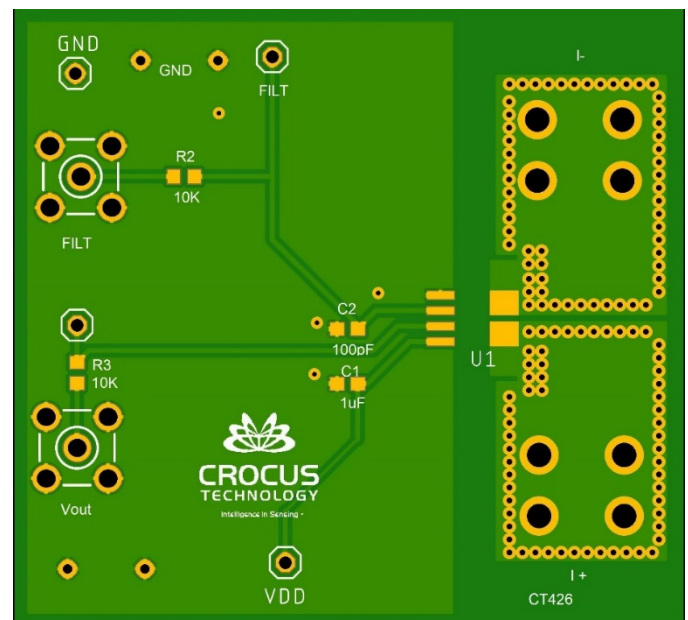
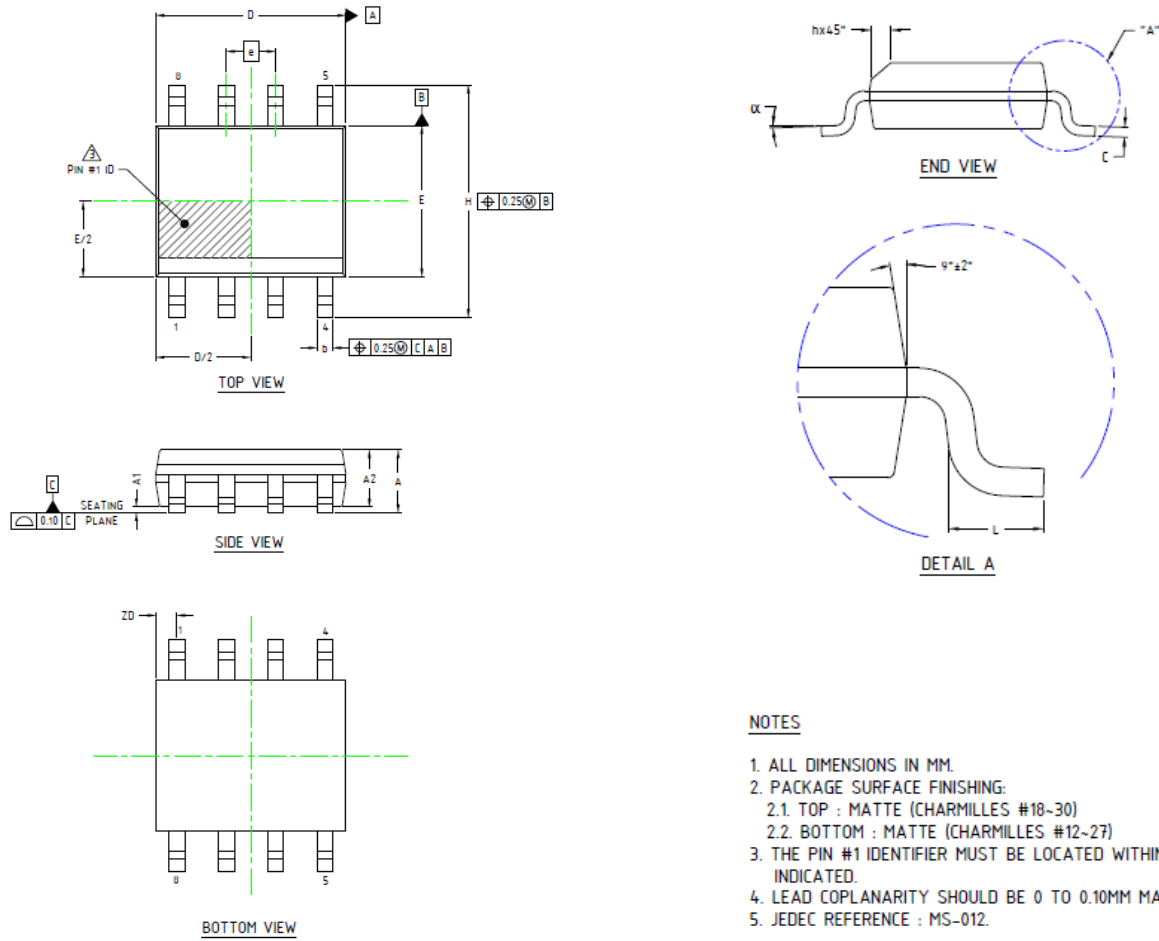


Figure 38. Recommended PCB Layout for the 20 A to 65 A variants of the CT428.

SOIC-8 Package Drawing and Dimensions



NOTES

1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MM.
2. PACKAGE SURFACE FINISHING:
 - 2.1. TOP : MATTE (CHARMILLES #18-30)
 - 2.2. BOTTOM : MATTE (CHARMILLES #12-27)
3. THE PIN #1 IDENTIFIER MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED.
4. LEAD COPLANARITY SHOULD BE 0 TO 0.10MM MAX.
5. JEDEC REFERENCE : MS-012.

Figure 39. SOIC-8 Package Drawing

Table 2. CT428 SOIC-8 Package Dimensions

Symbol	Dimensions in Millimeters (mm)		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A1	0.10	0.18	0.25
b	0.36	0.41	0.46
C	0.19	0.22	0.25
D	4.80	4.89	4.98
E	3.81	3.90	3.99
e	1.27 BSC		
H	5.80	6.00	6.20
h	0.25	0.37	0.50
L	0.41	-	1.27
A	1.52	1.62	1.72
α	0°	-	8°
ZD	0.53 REF		
A2	1.37	1.47	1.57

Crocus Technology provides package drawings as a service to customers considering or planning to use Crocus products in their designs. Drawings may change without notice. Please note the revision and date of the data sheet and contact a Crocus Technology representative to verify or obtain the most recent version. The package specifications do not expand the terms of Crocus Technology's worldwide terms and conditions, specifically the warranty therein, which covers Crocus Technology's products.

SOIC-8 Tape & Pocket Drawing and Dimensions

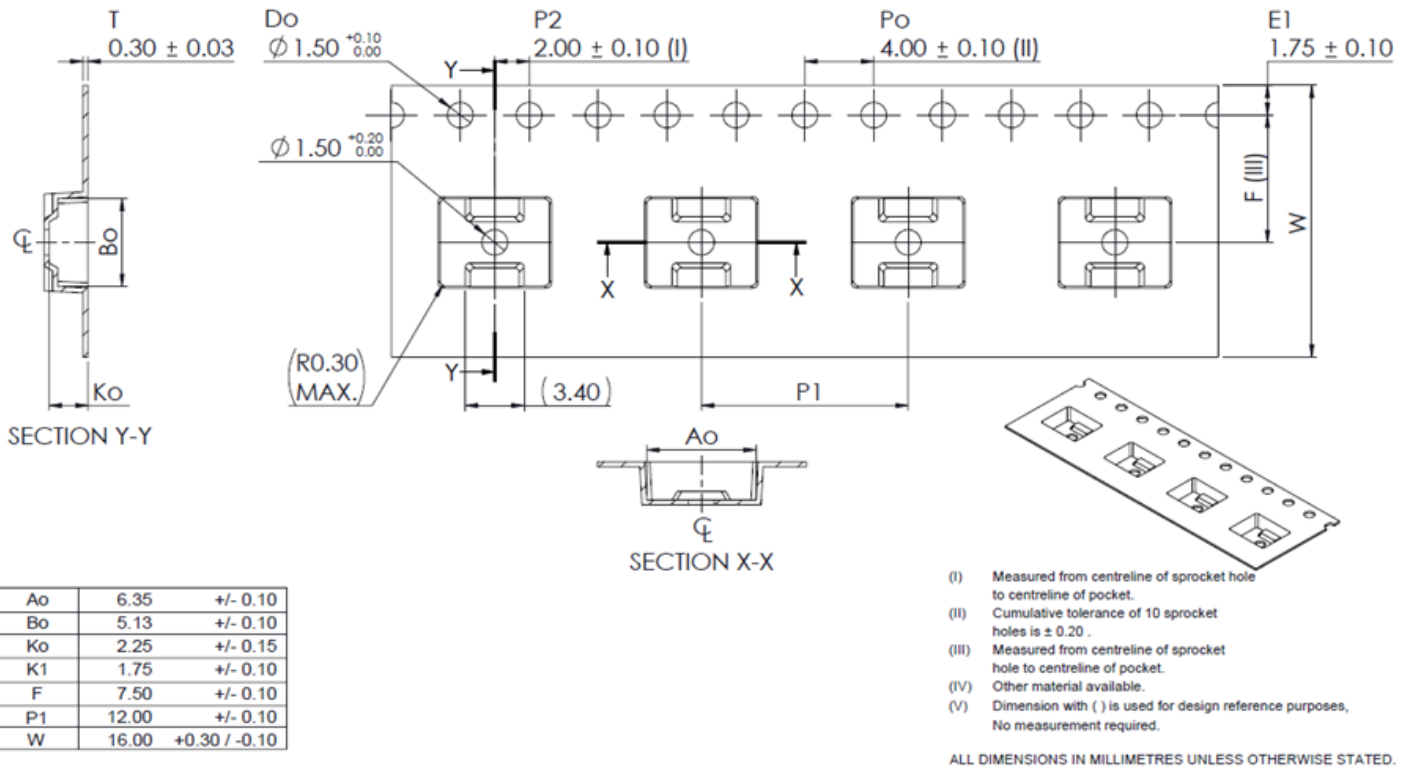


Figure 40. SOIC-8 Package Drawing

Package Information

Table 3. CT428 Package Information

Part Number	Package Type	# of Leads	Quantity per Reel	Lead Finish	MSL Rating ⁽²⁾	Operating Temperature ⁽³⁾	Device Marking ⁽⁴⁾
CT428-ESN820DR	SOIC	8	2,000	Sn	3	-40°C to +85°C	CT428 S820DR YYWWLL
CT428-HSN820DR	SOIC	8	2,000	Sn	3	-40°C to +125°C	CT428 S820DR YYWWLL
CT428-ESN820MR	SOIC	8	2,000	Sn	3	-40°C to +85°C	CT428 S820MR YYWWLL
CT428-HSN820MR	SOIC	8	2,000	Sn	3	-40°C to +125°C	CT428 S820MR YYWWLL
CT428-ESN830DR	SOIC	8	2,000	Sn	3	-40°C to +85°C	CT428 S830DR YYWWLL
CT428-HSN830DR	SOIC	8	2,000	Sn	3	-40°C to +125°C	CT428 S830DR YYWWLL
CT428-ESN830MR	SOIC	8	2,000	Sn	3	-40°C to +85°C	CT428 S830MR YYWWLL
CT428-HSN830MR	SOIC	8	2,000	Sn	3	-40°C to +125°C	CT428 S830MR YYWWLL
CT428-ESN865DR	SOIC	8	2,000	Sn	3	-40°C to +85°C	CT428 S865DR YYWWLL
CT428-HSN865DR	SOIC	8	2,000	Sn	3	-40°C to +125°C	CT428 S865DR YYWWLL
CT428-ESN865MR	SOIC	8	2,000	Sn	3	-40°C to +85°C	CT428 S865MR YYWWLL
CT428-HSN865MR	SOIC	8	2,000	Sn	3	-40°C to +125°C	CT428 S865MR YYWWLL

- (1) RoHS is defined as semiconductor products that are compliant to the current EU RoHS requirements. It also will meet the requirement that RoHS substances do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Green is defined as the content of Chlorine (Cl), Bromine (Br) and Antimony Trioxide based flame retardants satisfy JS709B low halogen requirements of $\leq 1,000$ ppm.
- (2) MSL Rating = Moisture Sensitivity Level Rating as defined by JEDEC standard classifications.
- (3) Package will withstand ambient temperature range of -40°C to +125°C and storage temperature range of -65°C to +150°C.
- (4) Device Marking for CT428 is defined as CT428 S8xxZR YYWWLL where the first 2 lines = part number, YY = year, WW = work week and LL = lot code.

Device Marking

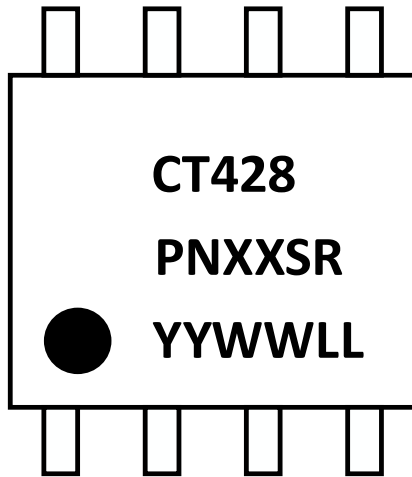
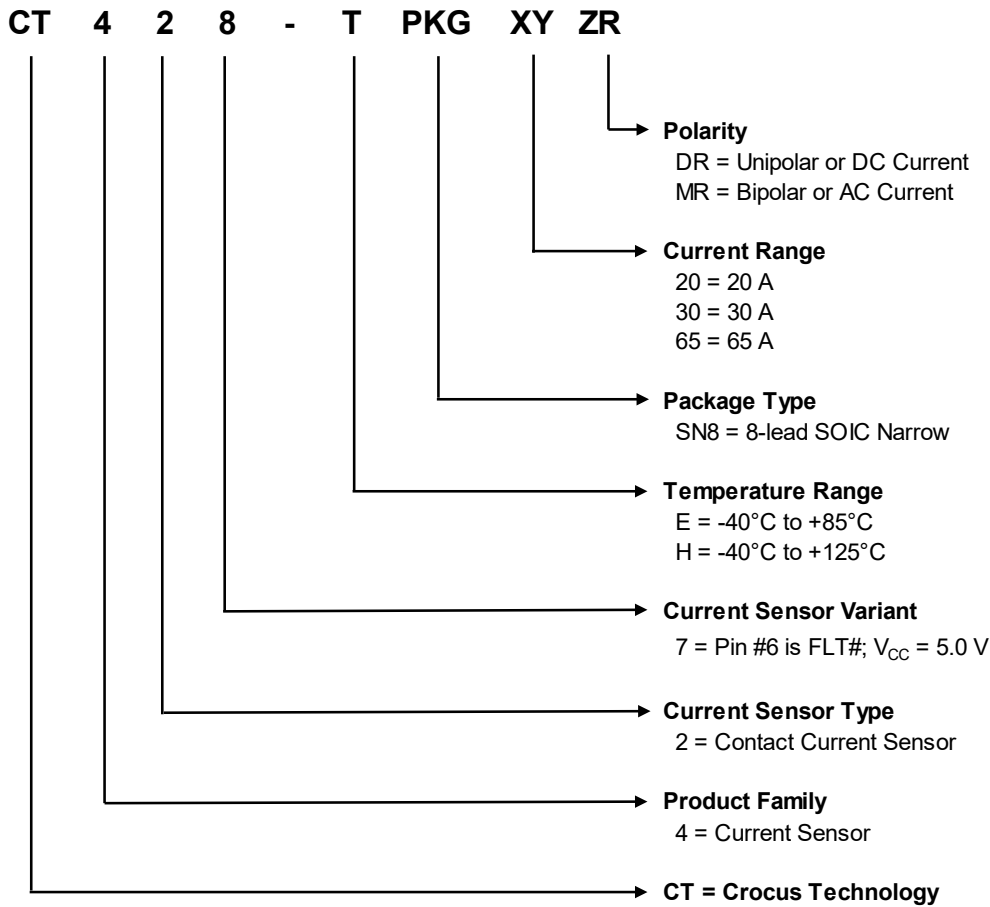


Figure 41. CT428 Device Marking for 8-lead Package

Row No.	Code	Definition
3	•	Pin 1 Indicator
1	CT428	Crocus Part Number
2	P	Package Type
2	N	Number of Pins
2	XX	Maximum Current Rating
2	SR	Current Range
3	YY	Calendar Year
3	WW	Work Week
3	LL	Lot Code

Table 4. CT428 Device Marking Definition for 8-lead SOIC Package

Part Ordering Number Legend



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